

Développements et factorisations

I Développer, réduire et ordonner les expressions suivantes :

$$\begin{aligned}
 A(x) &= (x+2)(x-3) \\
 B(x) &= 7(x-2)(2x+5) \\
 C(x) &= (1-x)^2 - 2(1-x)(3+x) \\
 D(x) &= 3x(x+5)^2 + 5x(1-2x) - (x+2)(x-3) \\
 E(x) &= (2x+3)^2 + (3x-2)(3x+2) \\
 F(x) &= 2 - 4(1+x)(2-x) - (x+3)^2 \\
 G(x) &= (-4x-1)^2 - 4(x+5)(-3x+4) \\
 H(x) &= 5x - 3(x-6)^2 - 7(3x-4)(3x+4) \\
 I(x) &= (4x-3y+5)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

II Factoriser les expressions suivantes :

$$\begin{aligned}
 A(x) &= 16x^7 - 8x^4 \\
 B(x) &= 2x(x+1) - (x+1)(x-3) \\
 C(x) &= xy - x - y + 1 \\
 D(x) &= (5+x)(4-3x) + (3x-4)(x-4) \\
 E(x) &= 9x^2 + 12x + 4 \\
 F(x) &= 4(x+6)^2 - 2(x+1)(x+6) \\
 G(x) &= 9xy + 3y + 6x + 2 \\
 H(x) &= (x-1)^2 - 25x^2 \\
 I(x) &= (2x+3)(x-1) - 2(1-x)^2(5x+1) \\
 J(x) &= x^3 - 16x \\
 K(x) &= x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 2(x+1)(x-2) \\
 L(x) &= 4(2x+1)^2 - (3-x)^2 \\
 M(x) &= 4x^2(x+3) - 2x(x+3) \\
 N(x) &= (4x-8)(1-2x) - (9x-18)(5-x) \\
 P(x) &= 2xy - 4y + 2 - x \\
 Q(x) &= (4x-10)(4x+7) + 4x^2 - 25 \\
 R(x) &= 3(x-2)(x-3) - 4x^2 + 36 \\
 S(x) &= (3x+2)(5x-1) - (9x^2 + 12x + 4) + 9x + 6 \\
 T(x) &= \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{x}{2} + 1 \\
 U(x) &= 2(2x-1)^2 - 9 \\
 V(x) &= (5x+2)^2 - 4 - 10x \\
 W(x) &= (2x-6)^2 + (x-3) \\
 X(x) &= 4x^2 - 9 - 4(3-2x)^2 \\
 Y(x) &= (x+2)(6x-3) - (1-2x)^2 \\
 Z(x) &= -6x + 14 - (3x-7)^2 + (-9x+21)(x-1) \\
 a(x) &= 9x^2 - 6x + 1 - (2x-5)^2 \\
 b(x) &= (1-3x)(7x+4) - (9x-3)^2 + 2(9x^2 - 1) \\
 c(x) &= 5x^2 + 3x - 125 + 15
 \end{aligned}$$